[a] Study these events which occurred in superpower relations between 1945 and 1962.

| Assassination of | Creation of | Building of the | Cuban missile | Armistice ending |
|------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|
| President        | Warsaw Pact | Berlin Wall     | crisis        | Korean War       |
| Kennedy          |             |                 |               |                  |

Write these events in the correct chronological sequence.

[b] Choose either

Outbreak of Korean War 1950

or

Khrushchev's emergence as leader of the Soviet Union, 1955

Describe one effect on US-Soviet relations of the event you have chosen.

[4]

[3]

[c] Why did the Hungarian rising occur in 1956?

[8]

[d] Study the source below and answer the question which follows.

# Exchange between Eisenhower and Khrushchev at the Paris Summit, May 16 1960

*Khrushchev*: The President referred to Open Skies. I heard about Open Skies in Geneva in 1955. We declared then that we were opposed to it and I can repeat it now. We don't understand what devil pushed you into this provocative act just before the Conference.

*Eisenhower*: I do not know what decision the next president will make. However, the flights will not be resumed for the rest of my term of office.

Use the source, and your own knowledge, to explain why relations between the United States and the Soviet Union deteriorated between 1960 and 1962. [10]

(A) STUDY THESE EVENTS WHICH OCCURRED IN THE YEARS 1949-61.

| CREATION OF | KOREAN WAR | BUILDING OF | FORMATION OF | HUNGARIAN |
|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| THE WARSAW  |            | THE BERLIN  | NATO         | RISING    |
| PACT        |            | WALL        |              |           |
|             |            |             |              |           |
|             |            |             |              |           |
|             |            |             |              |           |

WRITE THESE EVENTS IN THE CORRECT CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCE.
[3]

| (B) CHOOSE EITHE | THE KOREAN WAR | THE SETTING UP OF NATO |
|------------------|----------------|------------------------|
|                  |                |                        |

DESCRIBE ONE EFFECT ON RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION OF THE EVENT YOU HAVE CHOSEN.

[4]

(C) WHY HAD RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION IMPROVED BY 1955?

[8]

(a) Study these events which occurred in the years 1945 to 1955.

| Truman   | Formation of the | Winston          | Potsdam    | Establishment of |
|----------|------------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Doctrine | Warsaw Pact      | Churchill's Iron | Conference | the Federal      |
|          |                  | Curtain Speech   |            | Republic of      |
|          |                  |                  |            | Germany          |

Write these events in the correct chronological sequence. [3]

(b) Choose either The Marshall Plan or The Berlin Blockade

Describe **one** effect on relations between the United States and the Soviet Union of the event you have chosen. [4]

- (c) Why did the United States take military action in Korea in 1950? (8)
- (d) Study the source below and then answer the question that follows.

In spite of the absence of tangible results, the Geneva Summit provided an opportunity for dialogue and created a climate of goodwill. There was talk of a 'spirit of Geneva' and at evening parties diplomats joked about 'co-existence cocktails – you know, vodka and coke'.

From a modern history textbook, 2002

Use the source and your own knowledge to explain why relations between the United States and the Soviet Union changed in the years 1953-55.

(10)

[a] Study these events which occurred in superpower relations between 1945 and 1962.

| Winston           | Death of Stalin | Formation of | Death of Franklin | Communist coup    |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Churchill's 'iron |                 | NATO         | Roosevelt         | in Czechoslovakia |
| curtain' speech   |                 |              |                   |                   |

Write these events in the correct chronological sequence.

[b] Choose either

US atomic monopoly

or

Truman's accession to US presidency

Describe one effect on US-Soviet relations of the event you have chosen.

[4]

[3]

[c] Why did the United States announce the Marshall Plan in June 1947?

[8]

[d] Study the source below and answer the question which follows.

### From Truman, David McCullough, 1992

On Thursday June 24<sup>th</sup> 1948 the Russians clamped a blockade on all rail, highway and water traffic in and out of Berlin. The situation was extremely dangerous. Truman said, 'We stay in Berlin, period.' On Monday June 28<sup>th</sup> Truman ordered a full-scale airlift. He later sent two squadrons of B-29s to Britain, the giant planes known to the world as the type that dropped the atomic bombs on Japan. But, in fact, these had not been modified to carry atomic bombs, a detail the Russians were not to know.

Use the source, and your own knowledge, to explain why relations between the United States and the Soviet Union deteriorated between 1947 and 1949. [10]

(a) Study these events which occurred in the years 1945-49.

| The Truman | Creation of | The Potsdam | Winston           | Start of the    |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Doctrine   | NATO        | Conference  | Churchill's 'Iron | Berlin Blockade |
|            |             |             | Curtain' speech   |                 |

Write these events in the correct chronological sequence.

(3)

(b) Choose either

Potsdam Conference

or

Berlin Blockade

Describe **one** effect on relations between the USA and the Soviet Union of the event you have chosen.

(4)

(c) Why did President Truman launch the Marshall Plan in 1947? Explain your answer.

(8)

(d) Study the source below and answer the question which follows.

#### Source: From a modern textbook

During 1946 it became increasingly clear that Europe had been divided between capitalism in the west and communism in the east. Stalin, representing the East, and Churchill, representing the West, responded with a 'war of words', showing that the former allies now viewed each other with tremendous suspicion. This suspicion became an important part of the Cold War.

Use the source, and your own knowledge, to explain why a state of cold war existed between the United States and the Soviet Union by the end of 1947.

(10)

(a) Choose either Missile Crisis or Yalta Conference

Describe **one** effect on the relations between the United States and the Soviet Union of the event you have chosen.

[4]

(b) Explain why the Soviet Union positioned MRBMs (medium-range ballistic missiles) on the island of Cuba in 1962.

[8]

(d) From a modern textbook

Robert Kennedy told Dobrynin [the Soviet ambassador in Washington] that JFK was prepared publicly to issue a non-invasion guarantee in return for the withdrawal of the Soviet missiles as suggested by Khrushchev in his first letter. 'The greatest difficulty for the president is the public discussion of the issue of Turkey', Robert Kennedy went on to warn Dobrynin.

Use the source and your own knowledge to explain why the Cuban missile crisis ended without a war breaking out between the United States and the Soviet Union.

[10]

(d) Study the source below and then answer the question that follows.

Korea is a symbol to the watching world. If we allow Korea to fall within the Soviet orbit, the world will feel that we have lost another round in our match with the Soviet Union and our prestige and the hopes of those who place their faith in us will suffer accordingly.

Statement by the US State Department, 1950

Use the source and your own knowledge to explain why the United States sent troops to Korea in 1950.

[10]

(a) Study these events which occurred between 1945 and 1949.

|                 | Potsdam    | Truman Doctrine | Winston           | Marshall Plan |
|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Berlin Blockade | Conference |                 | Churchill's 'iron |               |
|                 |            |                 | curtain' speech   |               |
|                 |            |                 |                   |               |

Write these events in the correct chronological sequence.

(b) Choose either

US atomic diplomacy 1945-46

or

Creation of Soviet sphere of influence 1945-47

Describe **one** effect on US-Soviet relations of the event you have chosen.

(4)

[3]

(c) Why did the United States propose the Marshall Plan in 1947?

(8)

(d) Study the source below and then answer the question that follows.

#### From a modern textbook

An armistice ended the KoreanWar in July 1953. New superpower leaders were also now in place: Eisenhower started his term as US president in 1953 and Khrushchev won the power struggle to lead the Soviet Union. In 1955 the latter announced a policy of 'peaceful coexistence.'

Use the source and your own knowledge to explain why relations between the United States and the Soviet Union changed in the years 1950 to 1955.

[10]